



Section 24(c) Special Local Need Label

FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN THE STATE OF GEORGIA

Dual Magnum® Herbicide

For Control of Weeds in Highbush Blueberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry And Huckleberry;
Blackberry, Loganberry, Red And Black Raspberry

EPA Reg. 100-816
EPA SLN No. GA-230001

This label expires and must not be distributed or used in accordance with this SLN registration
after December 31, 2027

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION

SYNGENTA'S SPECIAL CONDITIONS, RISKS OF USE AND DISCLAIMER FOR USE OF DUAL MAGNUM HERBICIDE ON CROPS ON THIS 24C LABEL

IMPORTANT – READ BEFORE USE
THESE CONDITIONS, RISKS OF USE AND DISCLAIMER ARE REQUIRED
BY SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, LLC AND NOT SPECIFIED BY U.S. EPA OR THE STATE OF
ARKANSAS

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, LLC INTENDS THAT THE PRODUCT THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF THIS SECTION 24(c) LABEL BE PURCHASED ONLY BY END USERS WHO AGREE BY ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE ON SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION'S INTERNET SITE TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS REQUIRED BY SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, LLC INCLUDING A WAIVER AND RELEASE FROM ALL LIABILITY AND INDEMNIFICATION BY THE USER AND/OR GROWER OF SYNGENTA AND OTHERS FOR FAILURE TO PERFORM AND FOR CROP INJURY, CROP YIELD REDUCTION, AND/OR CROP LOSS FROM USE OF DUAL MAGNUM HERBICIDE ON CROPS ON THIS 24(c) LABEL. IF SUCH TERMS AND CONDITIONS ARE UNACCEPTABLE, RETURN THE DUAL MAGNUM HERBICIDE AT ONCE UNOPENED OR USE THE DUAL MAGNUM HERBICIDE FOR A DIFFERENT APPROVED USE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LABEL AFFIXED TO THE PRODUCT CONTAINER.

USE OF DUAL MAGNUM HERBICIDE (THE "PRODUCT") ON CROPS LISTED (THE "CROP") FOR THIS SPECIAL LOCAL NEED MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY, CROP YIELD REDUCTION AND/OR CROP LOSS AS FURTHER DISCUSSED BELOW. READ AND UNDERSTAND THESE CONDITIONS AND RISKS OF USE FOR SPECIAL LOCAL NEED BEFORE USING THE PRODUCT ON THE CROP. SYNGENTA RECOMMENDS THAT THE USER TEST THIS PRODUCT TO DETERMINE ITS SUITABILITY FOR SUCH INTENDED USE.

Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC makes the Product available for use in the manner described in this Section 24(c) Labeling on the basis that, in the sole opinion of the user, the benefits and utility derived from the use of the Product on the Crop outweigh the potential risk of Crop injury, Crop yield reduction or Crop loss.

The decision to use this Product in the manner described in this Section 24(c) Labeling must be made by each individual user on the basis of anticipated benefits versus (i) the potential risk of Crop injury, Crop yield reduction and Crop loss, (ii) the severity of the target pest infestation, (iii) the cost and availability of alternative pest controls and (iv) any other relevant factors. Syngenta recommends that the user test this Product to determine its suitability for such intended use.

By purchasing the Product for use, or using the Product in the manner described in this Section 24 (c) Labeling, you acknowledge and accept that, to the extent consistent with applicable law:

- 1) you assume all risk of Crop injury, Crop yield reduction and Crop loss;
- 2) Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC do not make, and do not authorize any agent or representative to make, any representations or recommendations regarding the use of this Product on the Crop other than the statements on this Section 24(c) labeling;
- 3) Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC do not make, and do not authorize any agent or representative to make, any warranties, express or implied, with respect to the use of the Product on the Crop and disclaim all warranties, expressed or implied, including any implied warranty of merchantability;
- 4) Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC disclaim all liability for any damages, losses, expenses, claims or causes of actions arising out of or relating to Crop injury, Crop yield reduction and/or Crop loss;
- 5) These conditions and Risks of Use for Special Local Need supersede any contrary representations or recommendations by Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC or their respective agents or representatives, and any provisions in or on any Product literature or labeling including any provisions on the label affixed to the Product container.

If these Conditions and Risks of Use for Special Local Need are not acceptable, the unopened Product may be returned to the seller for a refund or used for a different labeled use in accordance with the label affixed to the Product container.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR WEED CONTROL, CROP INJURY, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- Follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions including statements pertaining to the Worker Protection Standards, on the EPA-registered Dual Magnum Herbicide label.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application.
- The risk of crop injury increases when adjuvants (e.g., non-ionic surfactants, crop oils, etc.), nitrogen sources (e.g., AMS, UAN), fertilizers or other pesticides are applied with Dual Magnum Herbicide.
- Dual Magnum Herbicide will not control emerged weeds.
- For effective weed control, Dual Magnum Herbicide must be applied to clean-tilled soil.

Highbush or Rabbiteye Blueberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Cultivars and Hybrids of These

Apply Dual Magnum Herbicide as a banded treatment to both sides of the blueberry row at 1 – 1.3 pt/A (0.64 – 1.27 lb ai/A) prior to weed emergence. The application should be directed to the soil surface in a 3 foot band on each side of the blueberry row to avoid direct contact with the crop foliage or crop injury may occur. Use the lower end of the Dual Magnum Herbicide rate range for soils that are relatively coarse textured and higher rates on fine textured soils.

Precautions: (1) Dual Magnum Herbicide will not control emerged weeds. Control emerged weeds with an appropriate registered foliar herbicide or by mechanical or physical means. (2) Not all blueberry cultivars have been tested so injury may occur on some types of blueberries. Growers are encouraged to treat a few plants as a test and evaluate crop injury. (3) The risk of crop injury from Dual Magnum Herbicide is greater at the higher use rates. (4) Blueberry plants that have been established for less than one year, plants breaking dormancy and or are less than 18 inches tall may be more sensitive to

applications of Dual Magnum Herbicide. For this reason, the lower rates are suggested. (5) Tank mixing Dual Magnum Herbicide with other products (pesticides, etc.) will increase the risk for foliar crop injury. (6) Test Dual Magnum on limited acres initially to evaluate potential crop response and to better understand best application practices.

Restrictions: (1) Do not make more than one application per crop per season. (2) Do not apply more than 1.3 pt/A (1.27 lb ai/A) of Dual Magnum Herbicide per crop. Do not apply more than 1.27 lb ai/A per year of S-metolachlor-containing products to highbush or rabbiteye blueberry, currant, elderberry, gooseberry, huckleberry. (3) Do not harvest for 28 days following the Dual Magnum Herbicide application.

Blackberry, Loganberry, Red and Black Raspberry, Cultivars and Hybrids of These

For summer bearing canes, apply Dual Magnum Herbicide in the early spring as a banded application to both sides of the plant canes at 1.0 – 2.0 pt/A (0.95 – 1.9 lb ai/A) prior to weed emergence. For mowed or fall bearing canes, apply as a banded or broadcast application to bare soil in the spring. The application to summer bearing canes should be directed to the soil surface to avoid direct contact with the crop foliage or crop injury may occur. Use the lower end of the Dual Magnum Herbicide rate range for soils that are relatively coarse textured and the higher rates on fine textured soils.

Precautions: (1) Dual Magnum Herbicide will not control emerged weeds. Control emerged weeds with an appropriate registered foliar herbicide or by mechanical or physical means. (2) Not all caneberry types, cultivars or hybrids have been tested so injury from Dual Magnum Herbicide may occur on some crops. (3) The risk of crop injury from Dual Magnum Herbicide is greater at the higher use rates. (4) Application of Dual Magnum Herbicide to crop foliage may result in crop injury and illegal residues. (5) Caneberry plants that have been established for less than one year may be more sensitive to applications of Dual Magnum Herbicide than those plants established for more than one year. For this reason, the lower rates are suggested on newer plantings. (6) Test Dual Magnum on limited acres initially to evaluate potential crop response and to better understand best application practices.

Restrictions: (1) Do not make more than one application of Dual Magnum Herbicide per crop per season. (2) Do not apply more than 2.0 pt/A (1.9 lb ai/A) of Dual Magnum Herbicide per crop per season. Do not apply more than 1.9 lb ai/A per year of S-metolachlor-containing products to blackberry, loganberry, red and black raspberry. (3) Do not harvest for 28 days following the Dual Magnum Herbicide application

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